UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Descriptions of four measured outcrop sections of Upper Devonian and Lower

Mississippian strata in Warren and Elk Counties, Pennsylvania

Ву

S. P. Schweinfurth, M. A. Person, and
N. L. Hickling

Open-File Report 82 -133

This report has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or stratigraphic nomenclature.

CONTENTS

Pag	e
Introduction	
Description of the Youngsville section 4	ŀ
Description of the Bully Hollow Road section	
Description of the Ridgway section	i
Description of the Carman section	
References cited	ŀ
ILLUSTRATIONS	
Pag	e
Figure 1. Index map showing the approximate locations of the measured sections	:
2-5. Detailed maps showing location of the:	
2. Youngsville section)

Introduction

This open-file report presents descriptive data from four surface sections that were measured during the Fall of 1980 in conjunction with field investigations carried out to evaluate the geology and coal resources of the Clarion River, Hickory Creek, and Allegheny Front Roadless Areas in the Allegheny National Forest of northwestern Pennsylvania (fig. 1). As required by the Wilderness Act (Public Law 88-577, September 3, 1964) and related acts, these three areas are being studied to determine their mineral-resource potential.

All four section were measured with hand level and pocket tape by S. P. Schweinfurth and N. L. Hickling. The sections are all outside the roadless areas studied, but each was close enough to one or another of the areas to be valuable in the interpretation of the stratigraphy within the area. No long, well-exposed (or even moderately well exposed) surface sections exist within the roadless areas. These descriptions are being released as supplemental material for the investigations on the three roadless areas and as a contribution to the general geology of northwestern Pennsylvania.

In the pages that follow, the description of each measured section is preceded by a map showing the location of the section (figs. 2-5). Metric and English equivalents in the descriptions may appear somewhat inexact because of rounding to the nearest tenth of a meter or foot.

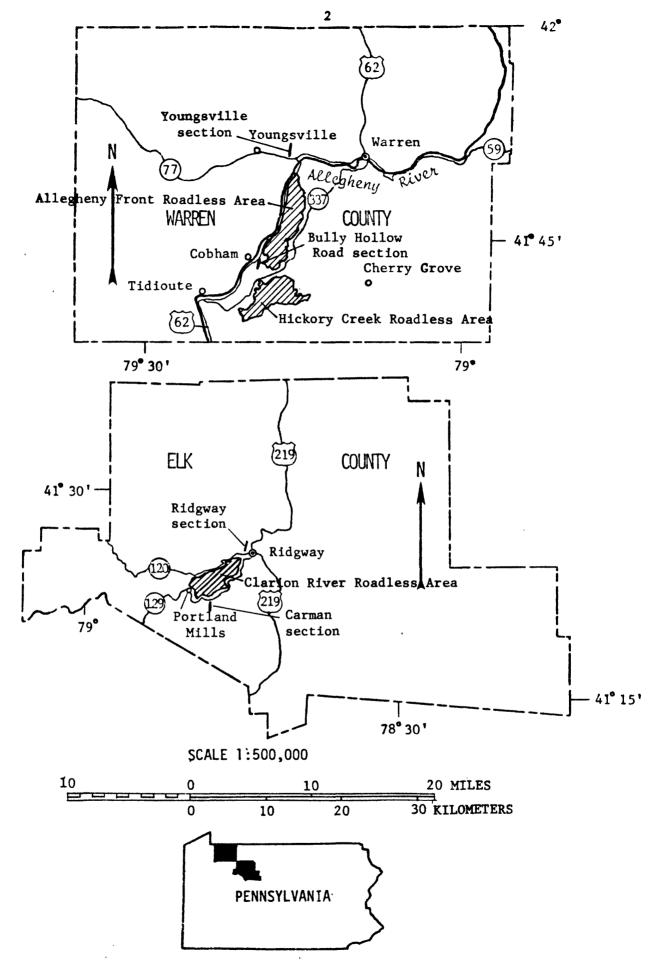


Figure 1.-Index maps showing approximate locations of measured sections and roadless areas.

YOUNGSVILLE QUADRANGLE PENNSYLVANIA - WARREN CO. 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)

5167 55E

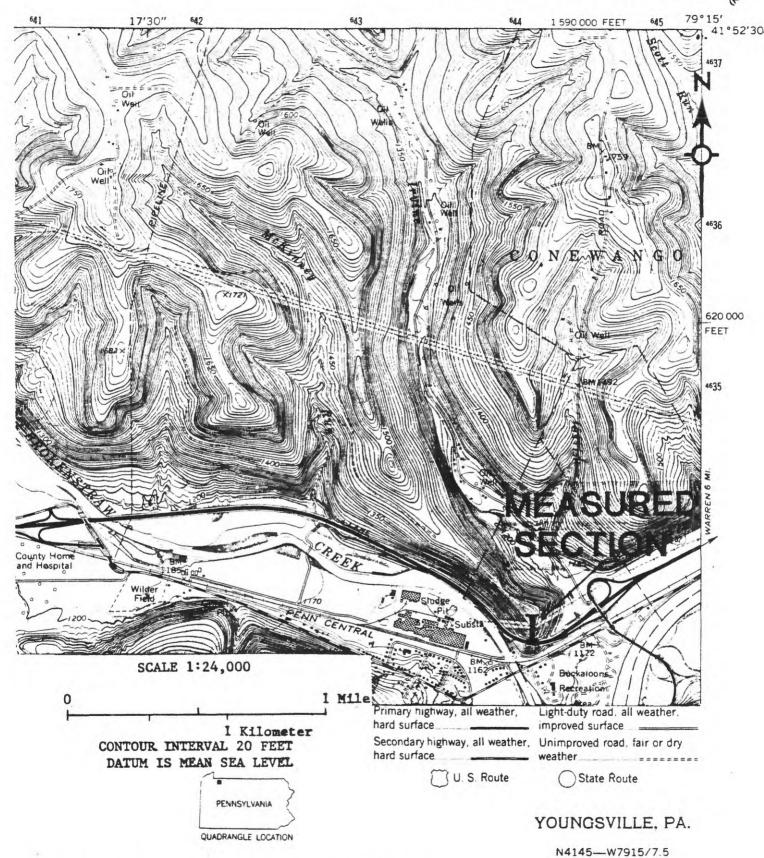


Figure 2.-Location of the Youngsville section.

1969

AMS 5167 IV SE-SERIES V831

Description of The Youngsville section

Location (figs. 1,2): North side of roadcut for combined U.S. Route 6 - State Route 27 about 4.7 km (2.9 mi) east of Youngsville in Youngsville 7 1/2- min quadrangle, Warren County, Pennsylvania.

Approximate coordinates of base of section: Latitude - $41^{\circ}50'16"$ N Longitude - $79^{\circ}15'43"$ W UTM* grid - 4,633,400 m N, 644,210 m E

Altitude of base: about 369 m (1,210 ft)

Height of section: about 74.4 m (244 ft)

Section measured: October 17, 1980

Late	ologic unit Devonian: ngo formation of Lesley (1892), lower part:	Unit thickness in meters (feet)	in meters
35.	Sandstone, light-gray; weathers dark yellowish orange; is very fine grained, quartzose, slightly feldspathic, thin- to massive-bedded, unevenly bedded; contains low-angle crossbeds, a few marine invertebrate fossils, and tracks and trails on bedding planes. Base abrupt	2.0 (6.4)	2.0 (6.4)
34.	Clay shale, medium-gray; contains a few very thin beds of siltstone and thin, concretionary layers of siderite(?). Base gradational	11.5 (37.8)	13.5 (44.2)
33.	Clay shale, grayish-red. Contact abrupt.	1.2 (3.9)	14.7 (48.1)
32.	Sandstone, medium-gray, very fine grained to silt sized, orthoquartzitic. Base gradational	0.5 (1.5)	15.2 (49.6)

^{*} UTM, universal transverse mercator

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
31.	Shale, sandstone, and siltstone, interbedded medium-gray, thin- to medium-bedded. Shale is dominant at base of unit (as much as 50%) but sandstone becomes dominant near the top of unit (as much as 65%). Sandstone is very fine grained and quartzose, and some beds ar very resistant. Siltstone is argillaceous and micaceous and contains worm(?) burrows. Base gradational	,	20.1 (65.8)
30.	Siltstone and shale, interbedded, grayish-red, thin-bedded; siltstone to shale ratio is 60/40. Base gradational	1.2 (3.8)	21.3 (69.6)
29.	Clay shale, medium-gray. Base gradational	4.6 (15.0)	25•9 (84•6)
28.	Sandstone and shale, interbedded, medium-gray, thin-bedded; sandstone to shale ratio is 70/30. Sandstone is very fine grained to silt sized and contains marine invertebrate fossils and tracks and trails on bedding planes. Base gradational	0.6 (2.0)	26.5 (86.6)
27.	Clay shale, as in unit 34. Base gradational	2•2 (7•1)	28.7 (93.7)
26.	Siltstone and mudstone, interbedded, medium-gray, thin-bedded	0.8 (2.5)	29•4 (96•2)
	Covered interval	0.3 (1.0)	29.8 (97.2)
25.	Siltstone, medium-olive-gray, argillaceous, thin-bedded	0.3 (1.0)	30.0 (98.2)
	Covered interval	1.0 (3.3)	31.0 (101.5)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	
24.	Sandstone, conglomeratic, light— to medium—gray, medium— to coarse—grained, and quartzose. Pebbles are quartz and quartzite as much as 4 cm (1.5 in.) in diameter, well rounded, but commonly flat. This unit is either a lens or a channel fill because it is absent from the eastern end of the road—cut. Base abrupt	2.3 (7.4)	33.3 (108.9)
23.	Shale, medium-olive-gray, contains layers of thin, discoidal siderite(?) concretions and a few thin interbeds of siltstone. Base gradational	2.8 (9.2)	36.1 (118.1)
22.	Sandstone, light- to medium-gray, very fine grained, quartzose, thin- to medium-bedded, unevenly bedded, resistant; contains abundant marine invertebrate fossils and borings. Base gradational	1.0 (3.3)	37.1 (121.4)
21.	Shale, medium gray, poorly exposed	1.2 (3.8)	38.3 (125.2)
	Covered interval	2.5 (8.3)	40.8 (133.5)
20.	Sandstone; weathers light olive gray; is very fine grained, micaceous, thin to medium bedded, ripple bedded, resistant	0.6 (2.0)	41.4 (135.5)
	Covered interval	1.3 (4.2)	42.7 (139.7)
19.	Sandstone, light-gray, very fine grained, very quartzose, micaceous on bedding planes, thin-bedded; has a 2.5-cm (1-in.) -thick, medium-gray, clay-shale bed in the middle. Base gradational	0.2 (0.6)	42.9 (140.3)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
18.	Shale, mudstone, and siltstone, interbedded moderate-grayish-red grading to light-olive-gray in the uppermost part. Base	,	
	gradational	0.2 (0.8)	43.1 (141.1)
17.	Siltstone, moderate- to grayish-red, very ferruginous. Base gradational	0.1 (0.3)	43.2 (141.4)
16.	Shale, moderate-grayish-red. Base gradational	0.6 (1.9)	43.8 (143.3)
15.	Siltstone, mottled grayish-red, medium- gray, and light-olive-gray, contains vertical borings in the middle of the unit 1.3 to 2 cm (1/2 to 3/4 in.) in diameter and as much as 15 cm (6 in.) in length; borings are filled with the same kind of siltstone. Base gradational	0.5	44.3
14.	Mudstone, siltstone, shale and clay, interbedded, light- to medium-gray, thin-bedded. Base gradational	0.3 (1.1)	(144.8) 44.6 (145.9)
13.	Sandstone, grayish-orange, very argil- laceous, very fine grained, thin- and uneven-bedded. Base gradational	0•2 (0•5)	44.8 (146.4)
12.	Siltstone and mudstone, interbedded, light- olive-gray; weathers moderate yellowish brown; is thin bedded; ratio of siltstone to mudstone is 60/40; abundant plant fragments on bedding planes. Base gradational	0.6	45 . 4
11.	Siltstone, medium-gray, very argillaceous. Base gradational	(2.0) 0.1 (0.3)	(148.4) 45.5 (148.7)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
10.	Shale, moderate- to dark-reddish-brown; grades up to medium-gray at top; slightly siliceous. Base gradational	2.6 (8.6)	48.1 (157.3)
9.	Clay shale, medium-gray, slightly siliceous contains a few thin interbeds of siltstone shale blocky in upper part. Siltstone is light to medium gray, quartzose to argillaceous, slightly to moderately resistant; contains burrows, tracks, and trails. Bas gradational	: ;	57•9
		(32.2)	(189.5)
8.	Clay shale, medium-gray, slightly siliceout contains a few very thin beds of siltstone Base gradational		61.0 (199.8)
7.	Siltstone, medium-gray, thin- to medium- bedded, resistant; contains low-angle cros beds. Base gradational	0.6 (2.0)	61.6 (201.8)
6.	Shale and siltstone, interbedded, medium-gray, thin- to very thin bedded; ratio of shale to siltstone is 60/40. Siltstone contains marine invertebrate fossils. Bas gradational	se 3.6 (11.7)	65•2 (213•5)
5.	Siltstone, medium-gray, thin-bedded; contains marine invertebrate fossils and worm(?) burrows. Base gradational	1.1 (3.5)	66.4 (217.0)
4•	Shale and siltstone, interbedded, as in un 6 except that ratio of shale to siltstone is about 75/25. Base gradational	2.6 (8.8)	68.9 (225.8)
3.	Siltstone; contains lenses as much as 10 cm (4 in.) thick of abundant brachiopod shells, interbedded with shale as in unit 6. Base gradational	0.6 (2.0)	69•5 (227•8)
2.	Shale, as in unit 29. Base gradational	1.6 (5.4)	71.1 (233.2)

Unit Cumulative thickness in meters in meters (feet) (feet)

2.5 73.6 (8.1) (241.3)

The fossils of unit 1 were examined by J. T. Dutro, Jr., U.S. Geological Survey, and found to be mostly rhynchonelloid and cyrtospiriferoid brachiopods. Many of the cyrtospirifers fall within the range of variation of Cyrtospirifer inermis (Hall). The rhynchonelloid is probably Camarotoechia contracta Hall. Scraps of productellids, fish, bryozoans, and inarticulate brachiopods are also present. The age of the fossils is Late Devonian, probably early or middle Famennian (Dutro, written communication, 1981).

Interval from base of section in drainage ditch to lowest exposed stratum......

0.8 74.4 (2.7) (244)

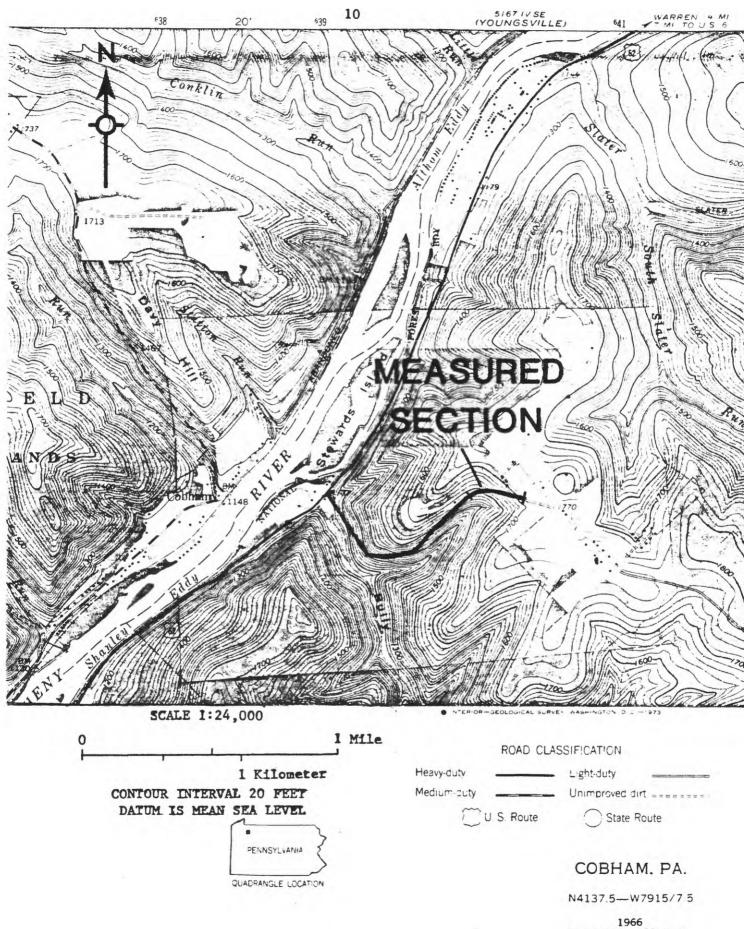


Figure 3.-Location of the Bully Hollow Road section.

1966 PHCTORE/ SET 1973 AMS 5167 III NE-SERIES V831

Description of The Bully Hollow Road section

Location (figs. 1,3): Roadcuts along the road up Bully Hollow for a distance of about 1.6 km (1.0 mi). Base of section is at the junction of Bully Hollow Road and U.S. Route 62 in the Cobham 7 1/2-min quadrangle about 22.4 km (14 mi) south-southwest of Warren, Warren County, Pennsylvania.

Approximate coordinates of base of section: Latitude - $41^{\circ}30'57"$ N Longitude - $79^{\circ}19'35"$ W UTM grid - 4,620,400 m N, 639,120 m E

Altitude of base: about 346.8 m (1,137 ft)

Height of section: about 174.2 m (571.4 ft)

Section measured: October 15 and 16, 1980

Miss	ologic unit issippian and Devonian: hoga and Oswayo Formations, undivided:	Unit thickness in meters (feet)	
36.	Sandstone; weathers grayish orange to moderate yellowish brown; is fine grained, very quartzose, thin to medium bedded, moderately resistant(Shenango sandstone(?) as used by Cathcart and others, 1938)	1.8 (5.8)	1.8 (5.8)
	Covered interval	39.9 (130.8)	41.7 (136.6)
35.	Sandstone; weathers dark yellowish brown to olive gray; is very fine grained, micaceous, thin bedded, resistant	0.2 (0.8)	41.9 (137.4)
	Covered interval	3.4 (11.2)	45.3 (148.6)
34.	Sandstone, as in unit 36 except for a 10-cm (4-in.) -thick bed containing very abundant brachiopod	1.7 (5.4)	47.0 (154.0)
	Covered interval	9.9 (32.4)	56.9 (186.4)

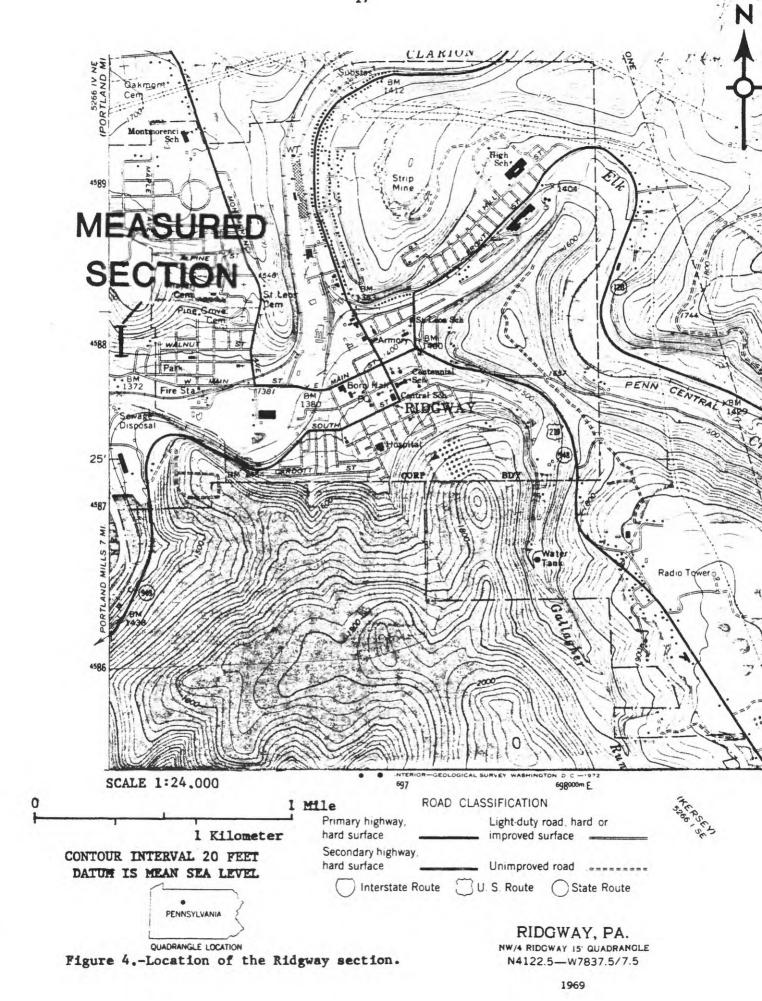
		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
33.	Clay shale, siltstone, and siltstone mudstone, interbedded; weathers dark yellowish brown to medium olive gray; is micaceous along bedding planes, thin		
	bedded	4.9 (16.2)	61.8 (202.6)
	Covered interval	0.3 (0.9)	62.1 (203.5)
32.	Sandstone, as in unit 35	1.8 (6.0)	63.9 (209.5)
	Covered interval	1.2 (3.9)	65.1 (213.4)
31.	Shale, as in unit 33, poorly exposed	3.3 (10.8)	68.4 (224.2)
	Covered interval	0.8 (2.7)	69.2 (226.9)
30.	Siltstone and shale, interbedded, as in uni 33, poorly exposed	5.8 (18.9)	75.0 (245.8)
	Covered interval	2.5 (8.1)	77.5 (253.9)
29.	Clay shale, as in unit 33, poorly exposed. Base gradational	2.5 (8.1)	80.0 (262.0)
28.	Siltstone; weathers dark yellowish brown to medium olive gray; is thin bedded,		
	resistant	0.3 (1.0)	80.3 (263.0)
	Covered interval	1.0 (3.4)	81.3 (266.4)
27.	Sandstone; weathers dark yellowish brown to moderate olive brown; is very fine grained, thin bedded, ripple bedded, resistant; contains marine invertebrate fossils and a few thin interbeds		
	of shale. Base gradational	1.8 (5.8)	83.1 (272.2)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
26.	Sandstone; weathers medium grayish green; is very fine grained, slightly micaceous, thin to medium bedded; contains abundant brachiopod shells. Base gradational	0.6 (2.1)	83.7 (274.3)
25.	Siltstone and shale, interbedded, thin- bedded with equal portions of siltstone and shale as in unit 33	0.4 (1.4)	84•1 (275•7)
	Covered interval	5.7 (18.7)	89.8 (294.4)
24.	Siltstone and clay shale, interbedded, poorly exposed, weathers medium olive gray; is thin bedded; locally contains marine invertebrate fossils	6.0	95•8
	Invertebrate rossits	(19.6)	(314.0)
	Covered interval	0.6 (2.0)	96.4 (316.0)
23.	As in unit 24	0.3 (1.0)	96.7 (317.0)
	Covered interval	1.3 (4.4)	98.0 (321.4)
22.	As in unit 24. Base gradational	3.3 (10.8)	101.3 (332.2)
21.	Mudstone and siltstone, interbedded, poorly exposed; weathers medium olive gray; is thin bedded	0.2	101.5
		(0.8)	(333.0)
	Covered interval	1.1 (3.6)	102.6 (336.6)
20.	As in unit 24. Base gradational	0.3 (1.1)	102.9 (337.7)
19.	Sandstone; weathers dark yellowish brown to medium olive gray; is very fine grained, thin bedded, "flaggy"; contains fossils including brachiopods and crinoid columnals in the lower part. Base gra-		
	dational	0.3 (1.1)	103.2 (338.8)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
18.	Siltstone and shale, interbedded; weathers medium to dark olive gray; is thin bedded. Siltstone is very argillaceous	1.3 (4.3)	104.5 (343.1)
	Covered interval	6.6 (21.6)	111.1 (364.7)
17.	As in unit 18. Base gradational	1.7 (5.4)	112.8 (370.1)
16	ngo formation(?) of Lesley (1892). Units through 7 possibly correlate with the odcock sandstone member of Chadwick (1925).		
16.	Sandstone; weathers dark olive gray; is very fine grained to silt sized, micaceous along bedding planes, thin bedded, resistant.	у	
	Base abrupt	0.6 (2.0)	113.4 (372.1)
15.	Clay shale, medium-gray, blocky. Base gradational	1.0 (3.4)	114.4 (375.5)
14.	Sandstone, as in unit 16, except for low- angle crossbeds, clay chips, brachiopod shells, and crinoid columnals in the lower		
	part. Base abrupt	0.7 (2.4)	115.1 (377.9)
13.	Clay shale, medium-gray, blocky. Base gradational	1.7 (5.4)	116.8 (383.3)
12.	Sandstone; weathers mottled moderate yellowish brown to medium olive gray; is very fine to fine grained, micaceous, thin bedded, ripple bedded in part, resistant in part; contains clay pebbles, low-angle crossbeds, and carbonized plant fragments.		110.0
	Base abrupt	2.4 (7.9)	119.2 (391.2)
11.	Clay shale, medium-gray, very fissile, "splintery". Base gradational	0.5 (1.5)	119.7 (392.7)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	in meters
10.	Sandstone; weathers moderate yellowish brown; is fine grained, micaceous along bedding planes, thin bedded, ripple bedded; contains brachiopod fragments, a few thin interbeds of shale, and small clay chips.		
	Base gradational	1.4 (4.6)	121.1 (397.3)
9.	Sandstone; weathers moderate yellowish brown to medium olive gray; is very fine grained, very micaceous on bedding planes,		
	very thin bedded. Base gradational	0.2 (0.8)	121.3 (398.1)
8.	Sandstone, mudstone, and siltstone, interbedded; weathers moderate yellowish brown to medium olive gray; is micaceous on bedding planes, very thin bedded, ripple bedded; contains carbonized plant fragments		
	on bedding planes. Base gradational	2.7 (8.8)	124.0 (406.9)
7.	Sandstone; weathers mottled moderate yellowish brown and medium olive gray; is very fine to fine grained, very micaceous contains abundant carbonized plant fragments on bedding planes; is thin bedded and ripple bedded in part; contains marine invertebrate fossils, low-angle crossbeds, and abundant iron cement in the upper part. Base		
	abrupt	2·3 (7·4)	126.3 (414.3)
6.	Siltstone and mudstone, interbedded, as in unit 8, except for abundant trails on bed-		
	ding planes. Base gradational	0.7 (2.4)	127.0 (416.7)
5.	Sandstone as in unit 7, except that marine invertebrate fossils were not found	2.5 (8.3)	129.5 (425.0)
	Covered interval	0.3 (1.0)	129.8 (426.0)
4.	Sandstone, as in unit 5. Base abrupt	0.2 (0.6)	130.0 (426.6)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	 : -
3.	Clay shale; weathers mottled dark yellowish		
	orange and moderate olive brown	0.1 (0.4)	130.1 (427.0)
	Covered interval	33.3 (109.1)	163.4 (536.1)
2.	Sandstone, light to medium gray; weathers moderate yellowish brown; is fine grained,		
	orthoquartzitic, thin bedded	0.3 (0.9)	163.7 (537.0)
	Covered interval	6.6 (21.7)	170.3 (558.7)
1.	Sandstone, as in unit 2	0.1 (0.3)	170.4 (559.0)
	Interval from base of section at road		
	intersection to lowest exposed stratum	3.8 (12.4)	174.2 (571.4)



Description of The Ridgway section

Location (figs. 1,4): Excavation into side of hill behind and north of the Ridgway Township building. Township building is on West Main Street about 1.4 km (0.9 mi) west of the Ridgway Boro Hall in the Ridgway 7 1/2 min quadrangle, Elk County, Pennsylvania.

Approximate coordinates of base of section: Latitude - 41°25'22" N
Longitude - 78°44'57" W
UTM grid: 4,587,850 m N,
687,900 m E

Altitude of base: about 418.7 m (1,373 ft)

Height of section: about 32 m (105 ft)

Section measured: November 3, 1980

Miss	ologic unit issippian: hoga Formation(?) (part):	Unit thickness in meters (feet)	
8.	Mudstone, grayish-red, poorly exposed. Base gradational	0.1 (0.4)	0.1 (0.4)
7.	Mudstone and siltstone, interbedded; weathers grayish orange; is thin bedded. Base gradational	1.5 (5.0)	1.6 (5.4)
6.	Sandstone, light gray; weathers dark yellowish orange; is mostly fine grained bu locally fine to medium grained, finer grained in uppermost part, very feldspathic, moderately micaceous; basal part contains abundant clay chips and clasts of recycled siderite(?) nodules; overall aspect is massive but actually thinly bedded and crossbedded. Base abrupt	18.1 (59.4)	19.7 (64.8)
5.	Sandstone, fine-grained, and mudstone, interbedded; weathers moderate olive brown and grayish olive, is thin to medium bedded. Sandstone is quartzose to very argillaceous and micaceous. Base gradational	3.3 (10.8)	23.0 (75.6)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	
4.	Mudstone, mottled grayish-red and grayish-green. Base gradational	0.7 (2.4)	23.7 (78.0)
3.	Sandstone and mudstone, interbedded; weathe moderate olive brown and grayish olive; is thin to medium bedded. Sandstone is quartzose to very argillaceous and micaceous.		25 2
	Base gradational	1.5 (5.0)	25•2 (83•0)
2.	Mudstone, mottled grayish-red and grayish-		
	green. Base gradational	0.4	25.6
	-	(1.3)	(84.3)
1.	Mudstone and siltstone, interbedded; weathers moderate-olive-brown and grayish-olive; is very thin bedded. Siltstone is argillaceous and		
	micaceous. Base obscured	6.3	32.0
		(20.7)	(105.0)

Base of section

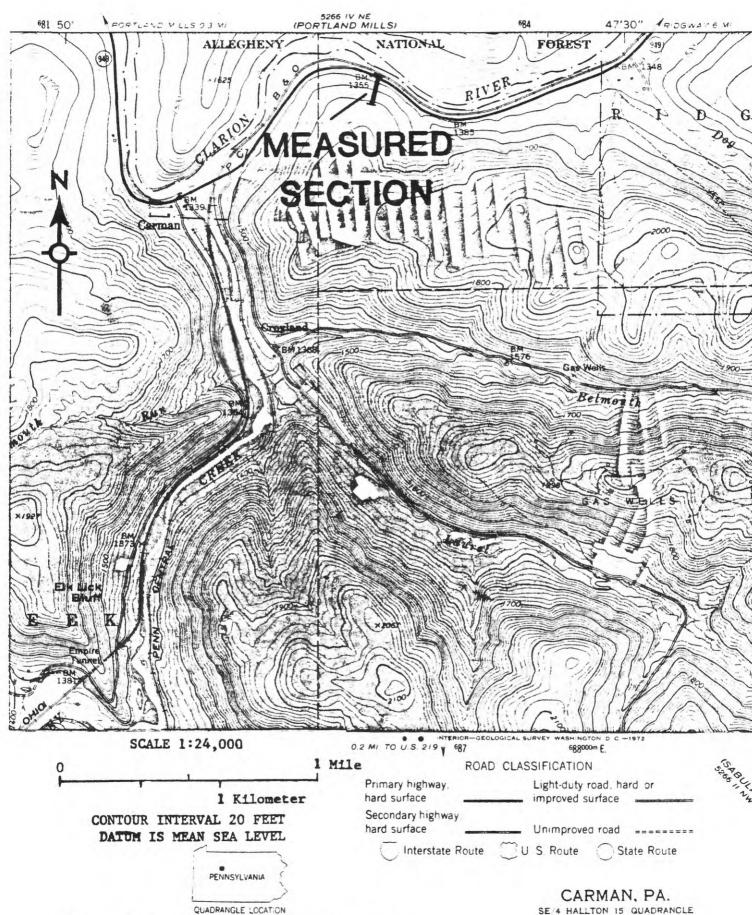


Figure 5.-Location of the Carman section.

SE 4 HALLTON 15 QUADRANCLE N4115-W7845/75

1970

Description of the Carman section

Location (figs. 1,5): Railroad cut on the north side and roadcut on the south side of State Route 949 about 1.65 km (1 mi) east of Carman, Carman 7 1/2-min quadrangle, Elk County, Pennsylvania. Base of section is at railroad grade.

Approximate coordinates of base of section: Latitude - $41^{\circ}22^{\circ}23^{\circ}$ N Longitude - $78^{\circ}48^{\circ}35^{\circ}$ W UTM grid - 4,582,095 m N 683,165 m E

Altitude of base: about 410.5 m (1,346 ft)

Height of section: about 47.8 m (156.6 ft)

Section measured: November 6, 1980

Miss Cuya	ologic unit issippian: hoga(?) and Knapp(?) Formations (part), ndivided:	Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
19.	Sandstone, siltstone, and shale, interbedded weathers grayish orange and grayish olive; thin to very thin bedded and unevenly bedded. Sandstone and siltstone are argillaceous and micaceous. Sandstone is very fine to fine grained. Base gradational		12.3 (40.5)
18.	Sandstone; weathers grayish orange; is very fine grained, argillaceous, micaceous, thin to medium bedded. Base gradational	1.3 (4.3)	13.6 (44.8)
17.	Siltstone, mudstone, and shale, interbedded weathers grayish olive; is thin to very thin bedded. Siltstone weathers grayish orange and grayish olive, is thin to very thin bedded and unevenly bedded		18.0 (59.4)
	Covered interval	0.9 (2.9)	18.9 (62.3)
16.	Sandstone, white, medium— to coarse—grained, quartzose, massive, contains scattered, small, white quartz pebbles, some flattened Base abrupt		21.3 (70.2)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
15.	Siltstone and mudstone, interbedded as in unit 17. Base gradational	6.6 (21.6)	27.9 (91.8)
14.	Sandstone, light-gray, very fine to fine-grained, quartzose to moderately argil-laceous, thin- to medium-bedded, contains conglomeratic lenses, as much as 0.3 m (1.1 ft) thick, of small, flat, white quartz pebbles and thin beds of medium-gray shale. Base gradational	3.3 (10.8)	31.2 (102.6)
13.	Sandstone, light- to medium-gray, very fine grained to silt sized, argillaceous, micaceo on bedding planes, thin- and irregularly bedded; contains a few scattered small, white quartz pebbles. Base gradational	0.5 (1.6)	31.7 (104.2)
12.	Conglomerate, light-gray to white; consists of small, flat, white quartz pebbles in a matrix of fine- to medium-grained quartz sand. Base abrupt	0.2 (0.5)	31.9 (104.7)
11.	Siltstone, sandstone, and shale, interbedded as in unit 19. Base abrupt	1.0 (3.3)	32.9 (108.0)
10.	Conglomerate, as in unit 12. Base abrupt	0.2 (0.5)	33.1 (108.5)
9.	Mudstone, shale, and siltstone, interbedded; weathers grayish olive; is thin to very thin bedded. Base gradational		37.8 (124.2)
8.	Siltstone and mudstone, interbedded; weathers grayish olive; is thin to very thin bedded. Base gradational	0.9 (3.1)	38.7 (127.3)
7.	Sandstone and mudstone, interbedded, medium gray, thin-bedded. Sandstone is medium gray, weathers medium olive gray, is very fine grained, argillaceous, and micaceous. Mudstone is blocky. Base gradational	0.5 (1.5)	39.2 (128.8)

		Unit thickness in meters (feet)	Cumulative thickness in meters (feet)
6.	Sandstone, medium-gray; weathers medium olive gray; is very fine grained, argil-laceous, micaceous; appears massive but		42.4
	actually is thin bedded. Base gradational.	· 1.9 (6.2)	41.1 (135.0)
5.	Mudstone, as in unit 7	1.2 (3.9)	42.3 (138.9)
	Covered interval	0.5 (1.5)	42.8 (140.4)
4.	Sandstone; weathers moderate brown; is coarse to very coarse grained, becoming fine grained at the top, quartzose, massive bedded, ferruginous; contains abundant flat, white quartz pebbles, as much as 2.4 cm (l in.) in diameter, scattered throughout and as conglomeratic lenses, and some low-angle crossbeds. Base abrupt	1.0 (3.4)	43.8 (143.8)
3.	Sandstone; weathers light to moderate brown; is moderately feldspathic and micaceous, very fine grained, and very thin bedded; top scoured. Base gradational	0.6 (2.0)	44.4 (145.8)
2.	Sandstone, as in unit 4. Base gradational	1.7 (5.4)	46.1 (151.2)
1.	Sandstone; weathers dusky yellow and moderate brown; is quartzose, fine to very coarse grained, moderately feldspathic, thin to medium bedded; contains small, flat, white quartz pebbles and some		47.0
	ferruginous zones. Base obscured	1.7 (5.4)	47.8 (156.6)

Base of section

References cited

- Cathcart, S. H., Sherill, R. E., and Matteson, L. S., 1938, Geology of the oil and gas fields of the Tidioute Quadrangle, Pennsylvania (Advance Report): Pennsylvania Geological Survey, Fourth Series, Bulletin 118, 14p.
- Chadwick, G. H., 1925, Chagrin Formation of Ohio: Geological Society of America Bulletin, v. 36, n. 3, p. 455-464.
- Lesley, J. P., 1892, A summary description of the geology of Pennsylvania: Pennsylvania Geological Survey, Second Series, Final Report, v. 2, 907 p.